



SEED SOWING INSTRUCTIONS

Dogwood

Treating and growing on seed

Need: Seed, cleaning equipment (see 2.1), polythene freezer bags, vermiculite (available from Garden Centres), growing tray/rigipots, peat free loam based potting compost, sharp sand, liquid fertilizer.
Optional: fine grit, watering tray.

1. Storage

Store fruit in hessian sack in cool conditions (e.g. garage), allowing them to breathe.

2. Stratification

Start process at the beginning of October.

Steps :

2.1 Preparation

Clean flesh off seed.

Technique: place berries in bird feeder with 1/4" mesh and blast with high pressure hose. Sieve/rolling pin/food blender are good alternative tools.

Wash seed thoroughly to remove all flesh (which can contain inhibitors to germination).

Mix vermiculite and compost with seed at ratio of 3 parts seed to one of compost, and place in polythene freezer bag .

Add water until damp - not much required - use a beaker or similar container.

Label seed inside bag and tie off top of bag.

Mark up bag with seed collection details : species, collection site, date.

2.2 Pretreatment

2.2.1 Store in warm conditions (1° to 5° C max.) for 8 weeks - use cool airing cupboard / warm room, in light or dark conditions.

Once a week open bag : mix seeds allowing carbon dioxide to escape and oxygen in. Re-moisten if necessary and remove any mouldy seeds.

2.2.2 Store in cold conditions (1° to 5° C) for 12 weeks or as long as seed takes to 'chit' (produce a root) - use fridge. Continue weekly routine as in 2.2.1. At first signs of chitting, check bag regularly for root emergence.

3. Sowing

Fill tray cells with compost to 1-2 cm. from top of tray. Bang on table to firm.

Sow seed in growing tray when root is about 1/2" long, using peat free loam based potting compost. Fill tray asap with chitted seed (keeps growth even).

Do not sow seed with too long a shoot in shallow seed tray. Plant out seed with long roots in a rigipot.

Cover compost in cells with fine grit/coarse sand if available.

4. Growing

4.1 Positioning of tray

Put trays of early seedlings on windowsill/in warm greenhouse to avoid winter cold/frosts; if available move into cold frame/greenhouse in April/May, or else leave on windowsill.

Move trees outside in September to overwinter, avoiding excessive sunlight.

Ensure slugs / snails / rodents, etc. cannot get at the seedlings.

Turn the tray regularly to avoid bending of tree stems (seedlings grow towards the light).

4.2 Watering

Water regularly- every 3-4 days in mid-summer. Water less regularly in winter, but enough to keep roots damp. Best technique is bottom up, i.e. sit trees in watering tray.

It is difficult to overwater in summer - if in doubt, be generous.

4.3 Feeding

Mix in liquid fertiliser when watering, if necessary. Ask for assistance if unclear.

5. Advice service and helpline

Phone: 07751 365094

E-mail advice@tominalis.co.uk